

This article contains the following supplemental material.

Supplementary Table S1: Breeding outcome of Het x Het mating of *Prkaa1T183A* and *Prkaa2T172A* mice.

Supplementary Table S2: RT-PCR primers used for this study.

Supplementary Figure S1. Gene targeting strategy to generate whole body AMPK- $\alpha\alpha$ 1KI and AMPK- $\alpha\alpha$ 2KI mice.

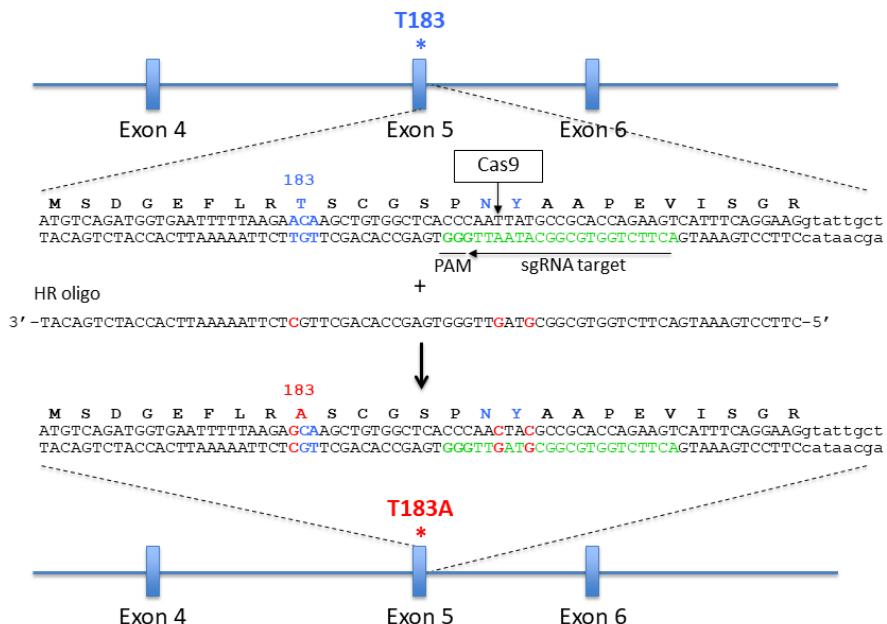
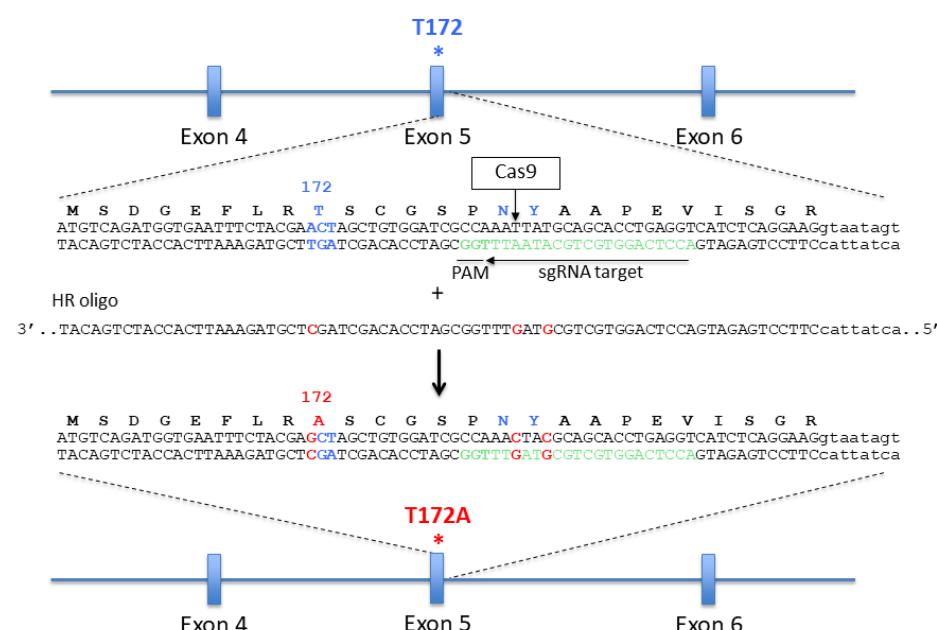
Supplementary Figure S2. Uncropped Western Blots used for Figures 1, 3, and 4.

Breeding Strain	WT	Het (WT/KI)	KI (KI/KI)	P (chi-squared)
<i>Prkaa1</i> ^{T183A} (Het/WT)	85	166	10	<0.0001
<i>Prkaa1</i> ^{T183A} <i>Prkaa2</i> ^{T172A} (Het/Het)	20	66	2	<0.0001
<i>Prkaa2</i> ^{T172A} (Het/WT)	27	40	21	0.4618
<i>Prkaa2</i> ^{T172A} <i>Prkaa1</i> ^{T183A} (Het/Het)	23	44	22	0.8825

Supplementary Table 1: Breeding outcome of Het x Het mating of *Prkaa1*^{T183A} and *Prkaa2*^{T172A} mice.

Gene	Forward	Reverse
<i>NGAL</i>	GCCCAGGACTCAACTCAGAA	GACCAGGATGGAGGTGACAT
<i>KIM-1</i>	GGAAGTAAAGGGGGTAGTGGG	AAGCAGAAGATGGGCATTGC
<i>IL-6</i>	CTCTGGAAATCGTGGAAAT	CCAGTTGGTAGCATCCATC
<i>MCP-1</i>	CAAGAAGGAATGGGTCCAGA	GTGCTGAAGACCTTAGGGCA
<i>RIP1</i>	CGTGAGAATATTAAGAGTGC	TGTACCTGTAGTTCAAATC
<i>RIP3</i>	CACATACTTACCCCTTCAGA	TCAGAACAGTTGTTGAAGAC
<i>Pgclα</i>	CCCTGCCATTGTTAAGACC	TGCTGCTGTTCTGTTTC
<i>ACox1</i>	CTTGGATGGTAGTCCGGAGA	TGGCTTCGAGTGAGGAAGTT
<i>SIRT1</i>	AGAACCCACCAAGCGGAAA	TCCCACAGGAGACAGAAACC
<i>SIRT3</i>	GGATTGGATGGCGCTTGA	CACCTGTAACACTCCGGAC
<i>GAPDH</i>	AAGGTCATCCCAGAGCTGAA	CTGCTTCACCACCTTCTGA

Supplementary Table 2: RT-PCR primers used for this study.

A***Prkaa1*****B*****Prkaa2***

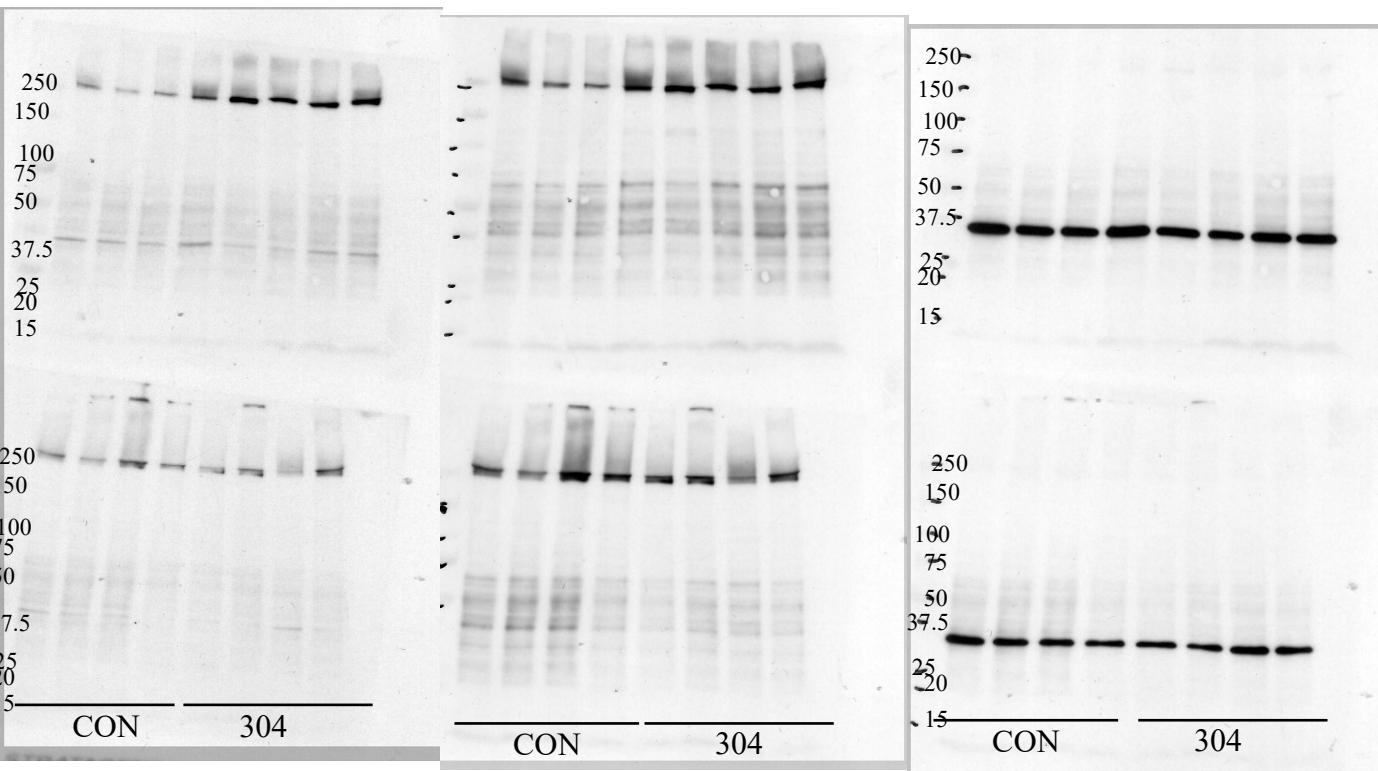
Supplementary Figure S1. Gene targeting strategy to generate whole body AMPK- α 1KI and AMPK- α 2KI mice. *Prkaa1*^{T183A} and *Prkaa2*^{T172A} mice were produced using CRISPR/Cas9 gene targeting in C57BL/6J mouse embryos. Single guide RNAs (sgRNA) were based on target sites in exon 5 of *Prkaa1* (CTTCTGGTGC~~GG~~CATAATTGGG) (A) and *Prkaa2* (ACCTCAGGTGCTGCATAATTTGG) (B). For *Prkaa1* the oligonucleotide encoded the T183A (ACA>GCA) substitution plus sgRNA-inactivating silent mutations in the N189 (AAT>AAC) and Y190 (TAT>TAC) codons (A), whilst for *Prkaa2* the oligonucleotide encoded the T172A (ACT>GCT) substitution plus sgRNA-inactivating silent mutations in the N178 (AAT>AAC) and Y179 (TAT>TAC) codons (B). Founder males heterozygous for alleles that had been successfully modified by homologous recombination were backcrossed with C57BL/6J females to establish the *Prkaa1*^{T183A} and *Prkaa2*^{T172A} lines.

A

pACC

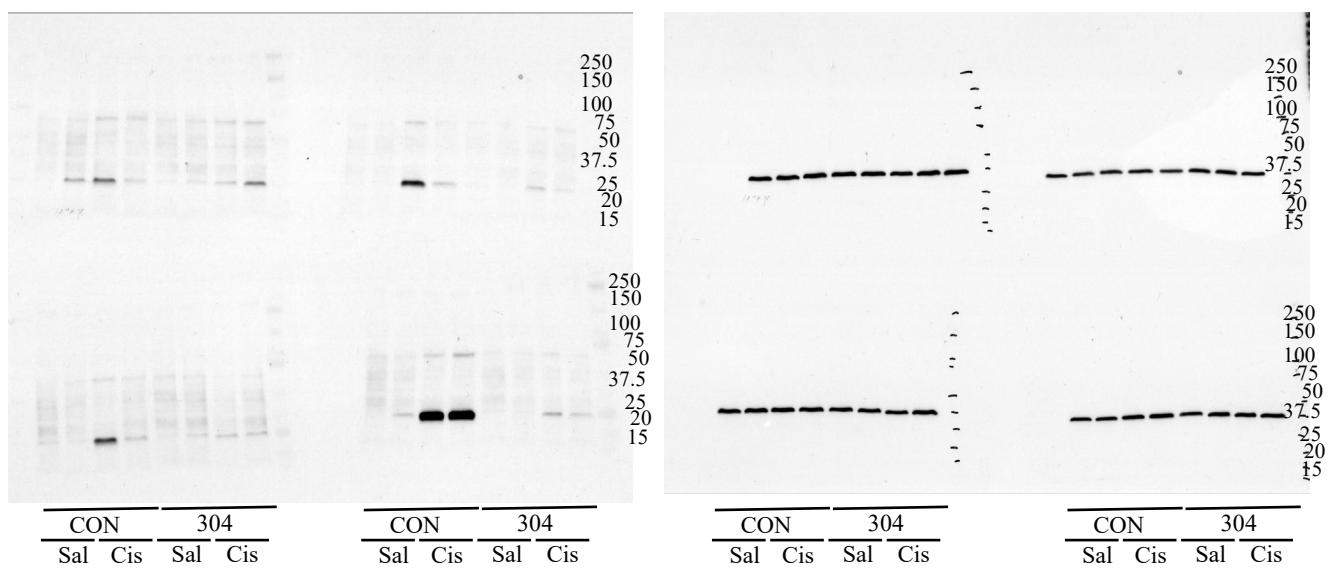
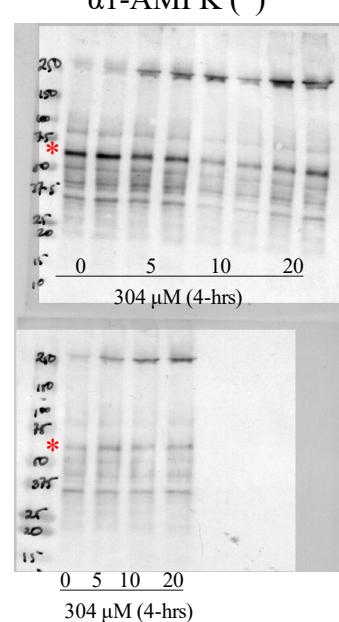
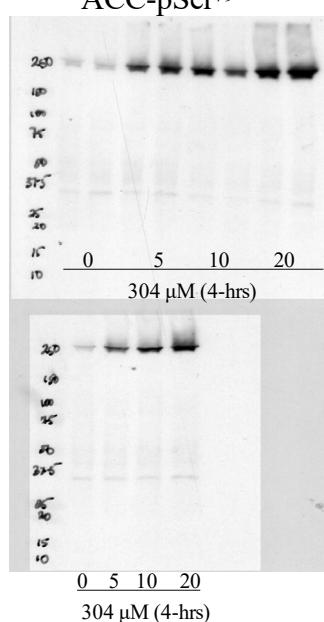
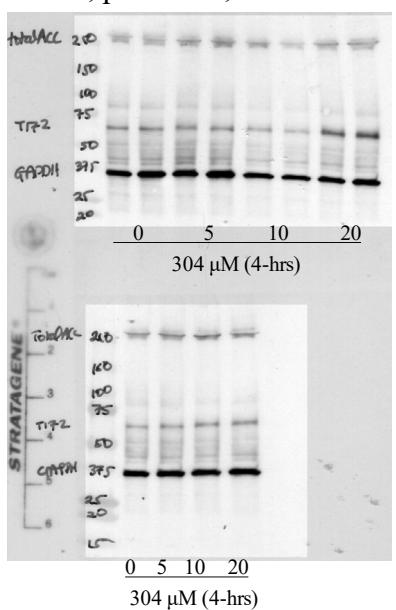
ACC

GAPDH

**B**

NGAL

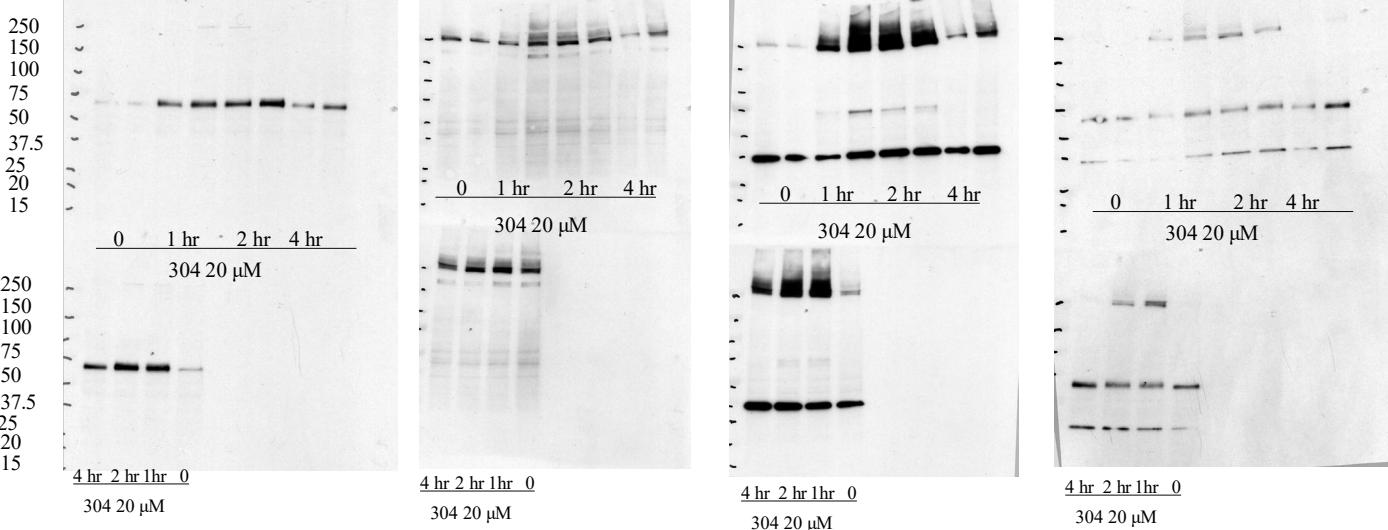
GAPDH

**C**ACC, p- α Thr¹⁷², GAPDHACC-pSer⁷⁹ α 1-AMPK (*)

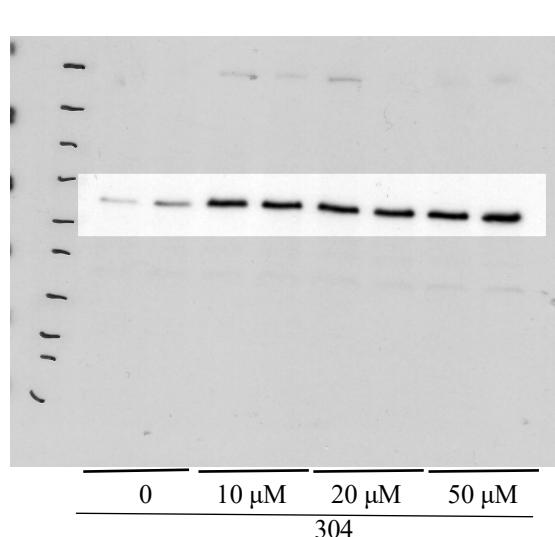
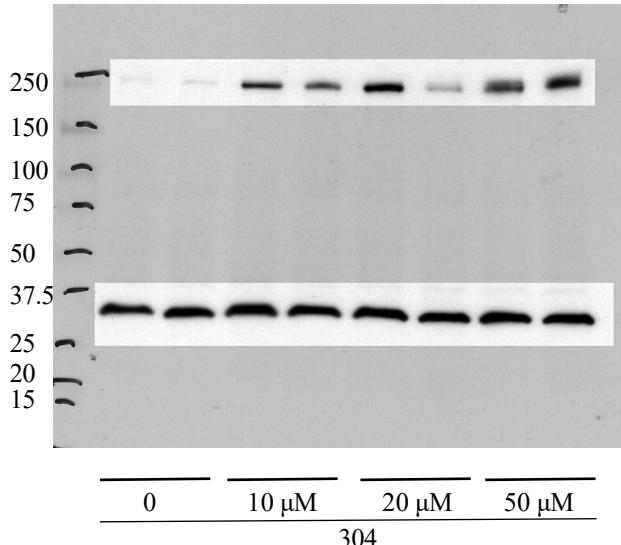
D

p- α Thr¹⁷²

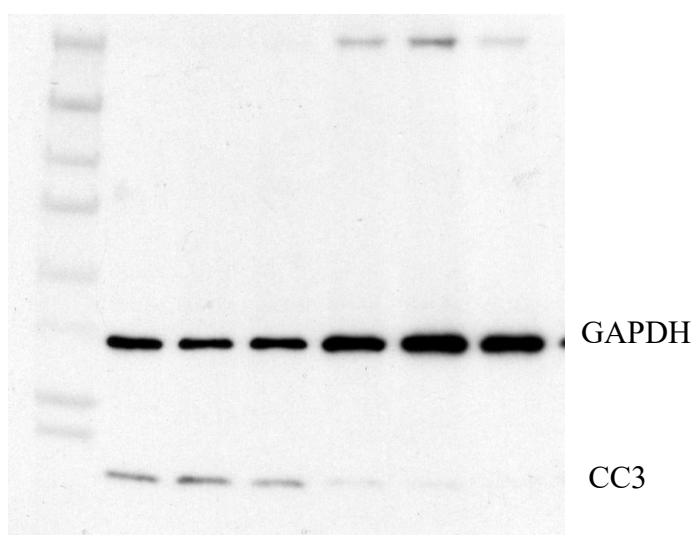
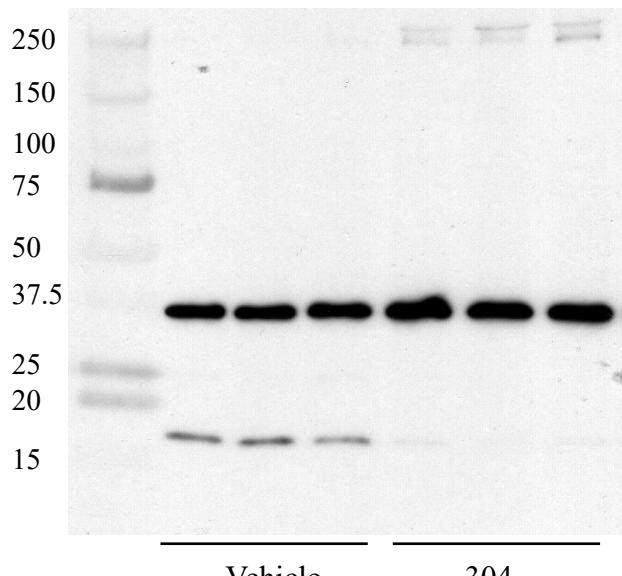
ACC

ACC-pSer⁷⁹, GAPDH α 1-AMPK

E

ACC-pSer⁷⁹, GAPDHp- α Thr¹⁷²

F



Supplementary Figure S2. Uncropped Western Blots used for Figures 1, 3, and 4. Full length western blot images are shown. **A.** pACC, ACC and GAPDH blots used for Fig 1 A-B. **B.** NGAL and GAPDH blots used for Fig 1 C-D. **C.** pACC, ACC, α -AMPK, p- α -AMPK and GAPDH blots used for Fig 3 A-C. **D.** pACC, ACC, α -AMPK, p- α -AMPK and GAPDH blots used for Fig 3 D-F. **E.** pACC, p- α -AMPK and GAPDH blots used for Fig 3G. **F.** Cleaved caspase 3 (CC3) and GAPDH blots used for Fig 4 C-D.