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RESEARCH ARTICLE

Occupational exposure factors for mental and behavioral disorders at work: The FOREC thesaurus

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Abstract

Background

Mental disorders in the workplace are a major public health problem. Knowledge of the impact of the psychosocial work environment on mental and behavioral disorders can assist occupational physicians in the identification and description of occupational risk situations, and help to define priority actions. However, no classification for occupational exposure factors is currently available. We aimed to build a thesaurus of "Organizational, Relational, Ethical and other Contributing Factors" (FOREC) linked with the onset of mental and behavioral disorders.

Methods

The French Agency for Food, Environmental and Occupational Health and Safety (ANSES) initiated and supervised a multidisciplinary working group consisting of the representatives of the main French occupational and public health actors. All decisions were accepted on a

consensus basis. This collaborative work led to the classification of occupational exposure factors for mental and behavioral disorders in the workplace. To test this thesaurus in clinical practice, a French multicenter study was implemented. Patients were workers referred to the Occupational Disease Centers for mental health issues at work. Factors contributing to mental and behavioral disorders among workers were identified and coded retrospectively from the worker's point of view using the FOREC thesaurus.

Results

We recruited 323 workers, aged 44.9±9.2 years, of which 31.3% were men. The most commonly encountered disorders were generalized anxiety disorders (106 workers, 32.8%) and moderate depressive episodes (86 workers, 26.7%). We identified 1357 factors, i.e. an average of 4.2 factors per worker. Among them, 575 (42.4%) were relational and 515 (37.9%) were organizational. All factors identified during consultations were described in the thesaurus.

Conclusions

We built the first thesaurus of "Organizational, Relational, Ethical and other Contributing Factors" (FOREC) that may help to generate profiles of mental and behavioral disorders at work. Encoding and describing these exposure factors, as well as using a worldwide standardized and shared terminology, will help to identify specific workplace prevention programs.

Introduction

Mental disorders are major public health problems in the workplace [1]. Work stressors, such as psychological and organizational demands (e.g. work pace, time pressure, complexity of work and conflicting tasks [2]), have an impact on common mental disorders [3]. Mental disorders increase business and social costs due to losses in productivity [4,5,6,7], sick leave [8,9] and staff turnover (Ref. needed). Mental disorders are also associated with morbidity and mortality [10,11,12]. For these reasons, work-related mental disorders constitute an important public health challenge.

Since 2000, the French National Occupational Diseases Monitoring and Prevention Network (RNV3P) has been gradually expanded in metropolitan areas of France. This network collects data, in a sustainable and coordinated way, from Occupational Disease Centers in 32 university hospitals and about ten occupational health services. The initiative targets the improvement and harmonization of practices for the diagnosis of work-related diseases, the identification of emerging risks in occupational health, the identification and description of occupational risk situations, and helps to define priority actions [13,14,15,16].

Between 2001 and 2012, the RNV3P logged 294,243 consultations. Due to the size and importance of the RNV3P database, encoding data in a consistent manner is essential, especially for statistical analyses. The aim of using a standardized and shared terminology is to describe and characterize work situations related to occupational diseases, to develop prevention strategies for occupational risks, and to facilitate the exchange and sharing of information between different stakeholders. Thus, a common classification of occupational exposure factors was developed which is freely available for all healthcare professionals, including

physicians and public health specialists [14]. In 2012, the most frequently encountered health problems in occupational consultation centers were related to mental and behavioral disorders (19%). However, no classification of occupational exposure factors for mental and behavioral disorders at work is currently available. Knowledge of the impact of the psychosocial work environment on mental and behavioral disorders can assist occupational physicians in the identification and description of occupational risk situations, and helps to define priority actions.

The primary aim was to build a thesaurus of "Organizational, Relational, Ethical and other Contributing Factors" (FOREC) that contribute to the onset of mental and behavioral disorders. In this article we present the methodology that led to its creation. The secondary aim was to describe the results obtained after using the FOREC thesaurus in clinical practice during consultations for work-related mental disorders.

Methods

Development of the FOREC thesaurus

The French agency for Food, Environmental and Occupational Health and Safety (ANSES) initiated and supervised a multidisciplinary working group to build the FOREC thesaurus. This working group was set up with the representatives of the main occupational and public health actors, such as the ANSES, the French National Health Insurance System (CNAM), Occupational Disease Centers, Occupational Health Services, the French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (InVS), the Interdepartmental Center of Health and Occupational Medicine in Factories (CISME), and the French Institute for Research and Security (INRS). This work was collaborative. The representatives of the main occupational and public health actors who attended the meetings for the creation of the FOREC thesaurus were nationally recognized experts in health, occupational medicine, mental disorders, and work-related stressors (organization, relation, or ethics). Specialized physicians from Occupational Diseases Centers of university hospitals, who undertake mental health consultations in the workplace [17,18], participated in the meetings. For two years, they were asked to list all organizational, relational, ethical and other contributing occupational factors linked with mental and behavioral disorders that were identified during their mental health consultations. Other actors also proposed other putative contributing factors from their own personal experiences. Eleven national meetings were held over three years. Firstly, the occupational exposure factors that could promote mental health and prevent mental and behavioral disorders were listed. All decisions regarding the inclusion of factors within the FOREC thesaurus were approved on a consensus basis. They were then classified, which led to an updated FOREC thesaurus.

Presentation of the FOREC thesaurus

The classification was proposed by members of the multidisciplinary working group on a consensus basis. Occupational factors linked with mental and behavioral disorders were grouped into clinically relevant headings and sections based on ICD-10. The multidisciplinary working group proposed a FOREC thesaurus composed of six chapters: inherent demand of the work, functional organization of the business, relations at work and violence, personal ethics, ethics of the business, and other contributing factors. The first five chapters classify the professional situation inside the enterprise. The sixth chapter concerns the "contributing factors" that are related to the person's status or are totally external to the enterprise. These six chapters are divided into a total of 34 subchapters. Subchapters are coded with 3 digits and are divided into 186 items in total. Items are coded with 4, 5 or 6 digits. The FOREC thesaurus is presented in Table 1 in its entirety.

Code	Heading						
<i>'</i> 0	Inherent demand of the work						
00	Work schedule						
7000	Shift work (2x8, 3x8, 5x8)						
7001	Night work						
70010	Regular night work (>5 nights per month)						
70010	Occasional night work						
7002	On-call working						
7002	Working on Sundays and public holidays Length of working day consistently in excess of 10 hours Split shifts (divisible or split working day)						
7003							
7004							
7005	Weekly rest period regularly less than 48 hours						
7007	Unpredictability of working schedule						
7009							
701	Other working schedule capable of causing disturbance to health Business travel						
7010	Business travel (mission) disturbing social life without sleeping out						
7010	Business travel (<i>mission</i>) disturbing social life with sleeping out						
7011	Business travel (<i>mission</i>) disturbing social me with steeping out						
7012							
7019	Other business travel capable of causing disturbance excluding chosen journeys/commuting cited in 7533.						
702	Other specific features imposed by the work						
7020	On call by telephone or email						
70200	On call by telephone (or SMS or email) only						
70201	On call by telephone (or SMS or email) with call out						
70209	Other on call						
7021	Involuntary part-time work						
7022	Imposed teleworking						
7023	Imposed working from home						
7024	Imposed temporary work						
7025	Imposed vertime						
7026	Requests at any time outside of working hours						
70260	Requests at any time outside of working hours by clients						
70261	Requests at any time outside of working hours by management or colleagues						
7029	Other specific imposed conditions capable of causing disturbance						
703	Distinctive feature of the work						
7030	Poor quality of work content						
70300	Monotonous work, little or no creativity						
70301	Versatility of tasks resulting in a lack of identity (stand in)						
70309	Other features of poor quality of work content						
7031	Specific demand of work content						
70310	Activities requiring alertness, concentration, very close attention						
70311	Function involving high human, financial or safety responsibilities (increase in responsibilities)						
70312	Regular contact with the public						
70313	Working alone (work with a lack of contact causing feelings of isolation)						
70314	Variability, unpredictability of workload						
70315	Work with strong emotional loading (e.g. empathy, contact with people who are suffering)						
70316	Work requiring continuous or excessive control of emotions (<i>facticity, inauthenticity, hiding</i>						
	emotions)						

Table 1. Organizational, relational, ethical and other contributing factors–Thesaurus completed to 4, 5 or 6 digits.

Code		Heading						
	70317	Working under imposed time constraints (assembly line work, high throughput, performance based wages, pace imposed)						
	70318	Fragmented or segmented work: multiple, concurrent tasks or frequent interruptions.						
	70319	Other demands of work content capable of causing disturbance						
7039		Other distinctive feature of the work capable of causing disturbance						
709		Other general inherent demand of the work capable of causing disturbance						
71		Functional organization of the business						
710)	Change in the organization and specific approach of management						
7	7100	Major restructuring in preceding or coming months						
	71000	Elimination of position						
	71001	Outsourcing of business						
	71002	Takeover						
7	7101	Change of personnel						
	71010	Change of colleagues						
	71011	Change of management						
	71019	Other change of personnel						
7	7102	Change of methods						
-	71020	Change of management methods						
+	71020	Change of production methods						
7	7103	Non-regulated matrix management or cross-cutting project						
	7109	Other change in the organization capable of causing disturbance						
/ / 711		Insufficient or excessive workload experienced						
	7110							
+'	71100	Excessive workload experienced						
+		Excessive workload experienced during working hours						
╞	71101	Excessive workload experienced requiring working at home						
	7111	Insufficient workload experienced						
	7119	Other workload conditions capable of causing disturbance						
712		Excessive procedures and supervision						
	7120	Procedures perceived as excessive						
7	7121	Supervision perceived as excessive						
7	7122	Continuous supervision by material means (video surveillance, computer, recording, informer)						
7	7129	Other procedure or supervision perceived as excessive						
713		Low decision latitude in the organization of their work						
714	!	Few opportunities to learn or develop their skills						
715	1	Lack of recognition (encouragement, congratulations etc.) or reward (e.g. salary, promotion, annual appraisal)						
7	7150	Perceived deficiencies in verbal expression, lack of expression of recognition in oral or written form						
7	7151	Perceived deficiency of salary						
7	7152	Perceived deficiency (lack or delay) of promotion						
7	7153	Perceived deficiency of recognition of title or of degree						
7	7159	Other perceived deficiency of recognition or of reward						
716	i	Insufficiency of resources						
	7160	Mismatch objective/resources						
	7161	Insufficient training in connection with the task to be undertaken						
	7162	Failings in communications flow						
	7163	Objective deficiency of management (lack of management personnel or overly distant management)						
/	105	(Continued						

Code		Heading												
71	64	Objective deficiency of non-managerial personnel, of work colleagues (<i>unfilled position, absence not covered</i>)												
71	65	Slippage of task and responsibility (ambiguity of roles)												
71	69	Other insufficiencies of resources												
717 7170 7171 7172 7173 7174		Dysfunctions in the instructions of management Content of the work poorly defined (absence of job description or procedures) Paradoxical instructions												
								Regularly exceeding contractual hours, unpaid, unrecovered overtime						
								Perceived ambiguous positioning of management Management perceived as evasive (failure to arbitrate, not taking decisions, etc)						
		71	75	Objectives seen as unattainable (<i>pressure</i> , <i>not objective</i>)										
		71	79	Other dysfunctions in the instructions from management capable of causing disturbance										
		18		Transfer to another position or another site (or announced in the 3 months preceding the first signs)										
71	80	Transfer for a determined period												
	71800	Transfer for a determined period not requiring family relocation												
	71801	Transfer for a determined period requiring family relocation												
71	81	Transfer for an undetermined period												
	71810	Transfer for an undetermined period not requiring family relocation												
	71811	Transfer for an undetermined period requiring family relocation												
71	82	Imposed redeployment												
71820		Imposed redeployment to another position at the same site												
		Imposed redeployment to another position at another site												
71	89	Other transfer to another position or another site												
19		Other general features of the functional organization of the business capable of causing disturbance Relations at work and violence Quality of relations at work												
2														
20														
72	00	Deleterious relationships experienced												
	72000													
		Deleterious relationship with management experienced												
	720001	Deleterious relationship with management experienced Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced												
	720001 720002													
		Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced												
	720002	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced												
	720002 720003	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined, categorical divide</i>)												
	720002 720003 720004	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced												
	720002 720003 720004 72001	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined, categorical divide</i>)												
72	720002 720003 720004 72002 72002 72003	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced												
724	720002 720003 720004 72002 72002 72003	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>)												
72	720002 720003 720004 72∪01 72∪02 72∪03 01	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced												
72	720002 720003 72004 7200 7203 7203 7203 01 72010 72010 72010	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined, categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced												
72	720002 720003 72004 7200 7203 7203 7203 01 72010 72010 72010	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced Deficiency of support from the work group or peers experienced												
72	720002 720003 72004 72004 7200	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined, categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced Deficiency of support from the work group or peers experienced Other qualitative feature of relations capable of causing disturbance												
72 72	720002 720003 72004 72004 7200	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced Deficiency of support from the work group or peers experienced Other qualitative feature of relations capable of causing disturbance External violence (persons outside of the workplace)												
72 72 72 72	720002 720003 72004 720200 720200 720200 720200 7201 72020 7201 7	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced Deficiency of support from the work group or peers experienced Other qualitative feature of relations capable of causing disturbance External violence (persons outside of the workplace) Verbal aggression (<i>external violence</i>)												
72 72 72 72	720002 720003 72004 72004 7200 7200 7200 7200 7201 7201 7201 7201 7200	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined, categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced Deficiency of support from the work group or peers experienced Other qualitative feature of relations capable of causing disturbance External violence (persons outside of the workplace) Verbal aggression (<i>external violence</i>)												
72) 72) 72	720002 720003 72004 72004 7200 7201	Deleterious relationship with management with constant criticism experienced Deleterious relationship with management through lack of being heard experienced Deleterious relationship with management through asymmetric communications experienced Deleterious relationship with management with implicit threat of dismissal experienced Deleterious relationship with the work group or peers experienced (<i>sidelined</i> , <i>categorical divide</i>) Deleterious relationship in isolation with a colleague experienced Deleterious relationships experienced after undergoing disciplinary measures (<i>suspension</i>) Deficiency of support experienced Deficiency of support from management experienced Deficiency of support from the work group or peers experienced Other qualitative feature of relations capable of causing disturbance External violence (persons outside of the workplace) Verbal aggression (<i>external violence</i>) Verbal aggression without credible threat of death (<i>external violence</i>) Verbal aggression with credible threat of death (<i>external violence</i>)												

Code		Heading						
7219		Other external violence						
722		Internal violence (another company employee)						
72	220	Verbal aggression (internal violence)						
	72200	Verbal aggression without credible threat of death (internal violence)						
	72201	Verbal aggression with credible threat of death (internal violence)						
72	221	False accusation experienced						
	72210	False accusation experienced without a procedure						
	72211	False accusation experienced with involvement in a procedure						
72	222	Aggression, physical violence suffered						
72	223	Traumatic event experienced as a witness or through an account received						
	72230	Witnessing verbal or physical aggression						
	72231	Witnessing workplace death, excluding suicide						
	72232	Witnessing a suicide						
	722320	Witnessing a successful suicide at work						
	722321	Witnessing a suicide attempt at work						
	72233	Received account of verbal or physical aggression or of a suicide attempt						
	722330	Received account of verbal or physical aggression or of a suicide attempt linked to work, outside of workplaces (<i>threats during journeys</i>)						
	722331	Received account of verbal OR physical aggression or of a suicide attempt occurring in the workplace						
	72234	Received account of a successful suicide						
	722340	Received account of a successful suicide linked to work outside of the workplace						
	722341	Received account of a successful suicide in the workplace						
	72235	Received account of a death (<i>excluding suicide</i>) linked to work (<i>colleagues</i>) wherever the place of occurrence						
	72239	Other traumatic event related to work						
72	224	Sexual harassment experienced						
72	225	Discrimination experienced (gender, age, sexual orientation, etc.)						
72	226	Bullying at work experienced						
72	227	Deskilling						
72	228	Sidelined						
72	229	Other internal violence						
729		Other general features of relations at work capable of causing disturbance						
73		Personal ethics-conflict of values						
730		Performing an act going against their principles (miss-selling, making redundancies)						
731		Being a powerless witness to acts going against their principles						
732		Lacking resources or time to do quality work						
739		Other conflict of values relating to personal ethics						
74		Ethics of the business						
740		General level of safety or a low safety culture						
741		General level of hygiene or poor hygiene culture						
742		Lack of means						
74	420	Lack of collective means of protection						
74	421	Lack of individual means of protection						
743		Lack of respect in verbal communications						
749		Other ethical failing of the business capable of causing disturbance						
75		Other contributing factors						
750		Particular medical or social status capable of altering relationships						
7	500	Inadequate or inappropriate consideration of limitations of ability (excluding disability)						

Code		Heading							
7501		Limitation of ability not accepted by the employee							
750	02	Return after absence							
	75020	Return after a break in working due to illness							
	75021	Return after an accident at work/occupation related illness/disease							
	75022	Return after maternity leave							
	75023	Return after parental leave							
	75024	Return after annual leave							
75025		Return after individual training leave							
750	03	Person recognized as having a disability							
750	09	Other medical or social status able to alter relations							
751		Claims for entitlements including: claims concerning leave, training, bonuses not being received,							
		payment of overtime, signing a petition							
75	10	Action taken as a result of social commitment or elective mandate							
75	11	Action taken in a personal capacity							
75	19	Other feature of claiming rights							
752		Taking a personal stance or action challenging the company							
752	20	Denouncing supposed or alleged dishonest actions connected with professional activities							
752	21	Externalization of an internal company issue (with a labor inspectorate, a lawyer, etc)							
752	29	Other personal stance or action challenging the company							
753		Specific chosen working conditions							
753	30	Multiple employers							
7531		Chosen teleworking							
753	32	Chosen working at home							
753	33	Home—work commute							
	75330	Home—work commute >2 hours per day							
	75331	Home—work commute >3 hours per day							
753	34	Overqualified at work Desired redeployment to another position							
753	35								
	75350	Desired redeployment to another position at the same site							
	75351	Desired redeployment to another position at another site							
753	36	Position not meeting aspirations but accepted for economic reasons							
753	37	Chosen part-time work							
753	38	Chosen temporary work							
753	39	Other specific chosen working condition able to cause disturbance							
754		Contributing factor linked to the business (social context, economic context)							
754	40	Unfavorable socio-economic context							
	75400	Unfavorable social context (social upheaval, strike, periods of notice)							
+	75401	Unfavorable economic context (<i>temporary lay-offs</i> , wage freezes, company financial difficulties)							
	75409	Other unfavorable socio-economic context							
7541		Conventional procedure of contract termination or leaving voluntarily in progress (only code if unfavorably experienced)							
		Job insecurity							
754		Involvement in a termination procedure							
<u> </u>	75430	Involvement in a termination procedure Involvement in a redundancy procedure							
++	75431	Involvement in an individual termination procedure							
754		Family business context or of specific links between the individual and management							
754									
	1)	Other unfavorable context linked to the company Other general feature constituting a contributing factor							
759		Other general feature constituting a contributing factor							

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The first chapter, *"Inherent demand of the work"*, concerns all professional constraints that cannot be dissociated from the activity, but that may be the cause of various disorders. For example, being on call in a hospital can disturb social life or cause insomnia. This chapter is divided into 5 subchapters and consists of 44 items in total.

The second chapter, called *"Functional organization of the business"*, also concerns strong professional constraints. It classifies occupational exposure factors, such as organizational changes, restructuring, insufficient or excessive workload, and workplace transfers. This chapter is divided into 10 subchapters and consists of 51 items in total.

The third chapter is entitled *"Relations at work and violence"* (referring to instances such as deleterious relationships experienced with management, verbal aggressions, and sidelining). In this chapter, the notions of individual experiences of a more subjective nature are presented. This chapter is divided into 4 subchapters and consists of 47 items in total.

Chapters four and five are respectively related to *"Personal ethics"* (e.g. performing an act going against one's principles) and *"Ethics of the business"* (e.g. lack of respect in verbal communications). These chapters provide justification of ethical issues based on case studies.

The sixth chapter, "*Other contributing factors*", regroups factors that may be viewed as directly related to a person (such as a return after parental leave) or totally external to the enterprise (such as an unfavorable socio-economic context). This chapter is divided into 6 sub-chapters and consists of 42 items in total.

Multicenter study

To check the exhaustiveness and clinical relevance of the FOREC thesaurus, we aimed to describe organizational, relational, ethical and other contributing occupational factors linked with mental and behavioral disorders identified during consultations for mental health issues at work. A French multicenter study (Clermont-Ferrand, Créteil, Toulouse, Bordeaux, Garches) was therefore implemented. The Occupational Disease Centers at these University Hospitals were chosen because they shared similar characteristics relating to the management of mental health consultations in the workplace. Included workers were addressed to those consultations by their general practitioner or their occupational physician because of a presumed diagnosis of mental health issues at work [17,18]. They were included over a period of twelve consecutive months. There were no exclusion criteria and all patients who attended a consultation for mental health issues at work were included. The protocol was approved by the ethics committee of the University Hospital of Clermont-Ferrand (approval number: n° 2015CE/69). Socio-demographic, occupational and clinical data were retrieved during two interviews, one with a psychologist and a nurse and a second with an occupational physician and a psychiatrist. The final diagnosis of a mental and behavioral disorder was made during this second, specialized, consultation for mental health issues at work, which also established a link between the issues and professional activity. The link was based on the specialist's judgment, during the medical examination. Mental and behavioral disorder were coded according to the International Classification of Diseases 10th Revision (ICD-10) and all physicians were trained in this coding by the same organization (ANSES). A detailed medical report was systematically written by the occupational physicians and the psychiatrists for each consultation. The medical report mentioned the diagnosis and the socio-demographic, occupational and clinical data, as well as occupational exposure factors linked with the mental health issues of the workers. The medical reports identifiers were coded prior to analysis. One author (CL) reviewed all coded medical reports from all centers. The author identified and retrospectively coded the data and factors contributing to the workers' health-related issues using the FOREC thesaurus from the perception of the worker.

Statistical analysis

Statistical analyses were performed using Stata software, version 13 (StataCorp, College Station, TX, US). Continuous data were expressed as mean ± standard deviation and categorical parameters as frequencies (associated percentages).

Results

We recruited 323 workers (31.3% males) with an average age of 44.9±9.2. The most commonly encountered diagnoses in the consultations for mental health issues at work were 'generalized anxiety' (106 workers, 32.8%) and 'moderate depressive episodes' (86 workers, 26.7%) (Table 2).

During the study period, 1357 occupational factors linked with mental and behavioral disorders were identified, i.e. an average of 4.2 factors per worker. Among them, 575 (42.4%) were relational, 515 (37.9%) were organizational and the remaining 12.2% represented other contributing factors (Table 3). All identified factors were successfully encoded using the thesaurus. Two subchapters were not found in medical reports: "Other general inherent demands of the work capable of causing disturbance" (subchapter 709) and "General level of hygiene or poor hygiene culture" (subchapter 741).

Relational factors were the most common in cases of depressive episodes (41.7%) and anxiety disorders (44.4%), followed by managerial factors (Table 4). Managerial factors were most frequently identified in cases of post-traumatic stress disorder (62.5%) and burn-out (59.6%).

Discussion

This study presents the first thesaurus of occupational exposure factors responsible for mental health issues at work, grouped into clinically relevant headings and sections.

	n = 323
Demographic characteristics	
Gender (male)	101 (31.3)
Age (years)	44.9 ± 9.2
Disorders encountered	
F320 – Mild depressive episode	9 (2.8)
F321 -Moderate depressive episode	86 (26.7)
F322 –Severe depressive episode without psychotic symptoms	39 (12.1)
F410 –Panic disorder	3 (0.9)
F411 –Generalized anxiety	106 (32.8)
F412 –Mixed anxiety and depressive disorder	47 (14.6)
F419 –Unspecified anxiety disorder	13 (4.0)
F431 –Post-traumatic stress disorder	2 (0.6)
Z730 –Burn-out	11 (3.4)
Z03 –No pathology	3 (0.9)
Other pathology	2 (0.6)
No answer	2 (0.6)

Table 2. Characteristics of the workers.

Data are presented as frequencies (associated percentages) or as mean \pm standard deviation. Encountered diseases are presented with their ICD-10 corresponding code.

Encountered diseases are presented with their 10D-10 corresponding code.

Other pathology: lateral epicondylitis (M77 1) and irritability and anger (R454).

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		n = 1357		
70	Inherent demand of the work	27 (2.0)		
700	Work schedule	8 (0.6)		
701	Business travel	2 (0.1)		
702	Other specific features imposed by the work	2 (0.1)		
703	Distinctive feature of the work	15 (1.1)		
709	Other general inherent demand of the work capable of causing disturbance	0 (0.0)		
71	Functional organization of the business			
710	Change in the organization and specific approach of management	(37.9) 148 (10.9)		
711	Insufficient or excessive workload experienced	67 (4.9)		
712	Excessive procedures and supervision	22 (1.6)		
713		17 (1.3)		
714	Few opportunities to learn or develop their skills	4 (0.3)		
715	Lack of recognition (encouragement, congratulations etc.) or reward (e.g. salary, promotion, annual appraisal)	101 (7.5)		
716	Insufficiency of resources	66 (4.9)		
717	Dysfunctions in the instructions of management	61 (4.5)		
718	Transfer to another position or another site (or announced in the 3 months preceding the first signs)	25 (1.9)		
719				
72	Relations at work and violence	575 (42.4)		
720	Quality of relations at work	306 (22.6)		
721	External violence (persons outside of the workplace)	17 (1.3)		
722	Internal violence (another company employee)	250 (18.4)		
729	Other general features of relations at work capable of causing disturbance	2 (0.1)		
73	Personal ethics-conflict of values	57 (4.2)		
730	Performing an act going against their principles (miss-selling, making redundancies)	12 (0.9)		
731	Being a powerless witness to acts going against their principles	19 (1.4)		
732	Lacking resources or time to do quality work	11 (0.8)		
739				
74	Ethics of the business	17 (1.3)		
740	General level of safety or a low safety culture	8 (0.6)		
741	General level of hygiene or poor hygiene culture	0 (0.0)		
742	Lack of means	4 (0.3)		
743	Lack of respect in verbal communications	3 (0.2)		
749	Other ethical failing of the business capable of causing disturbance	2 (0.1)		
75	Other contributing factors	166 (12.2)		
750	Particular medical or social status capable of altering relationships	45 (3.3)		
751				
752	Taking a personal stance or action challenging the company	73 (5.4)		
753	Specific chosen working conditions	3 (0.2)		
		22 (2 4)		
754	Contributing factor linked to the business (social context, economic context)	32 (2.4)		

Data are presented as frequencies (associated percentages).

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		Depressive episode	Anxiety disorders	PTSD	Burn-out	No pathology	Other pathology	No answer
		(n = 575)	(n = 699)	(n = 8)	(n = 47)	(n = 11)	(n = 5)	(n = 12)
70	Inherent demand of the work	10 (1.8)	12 (1.7)	0 (0.0)	5 (10.6)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
71	Functional organization of the business	227 (39.5)	248 (35.5)	5 (62.5)	28 (59.6)	2 (18.2)	0 (0.0)	5 (41.7)
72	Relations at work and violence	240 (41.7)	310 (44.4)	2 (25.0)	10 (21.3)	6 (54.5)	2 (40.0)	5 (41.7)
73	Personal ethics-conflict of values	22 (3.8)	33 (4.7)	0 (0.0)	2 (4.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
74	Ethics of the business	7 (1.2)	8 (1.1)	1 (12.5)	1 (2.1)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
75	Other contributing factors	69 (12.0)	88 (12.6)	0 (0.0)	1 (2.1)	3 (27.3)	3 (60.0)	2 (16.6)

Table 4. Number of factors identified for each chapter, according to work-related challenges.

Data are presented as frequencies and associated percentages.

ICD-10 corresponding codes were F320, F321, F322 for depressive episode; F410, F411, F412, F419 for anxiety disorders; F431 for post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD); Z730 for burn-out; Z03 for no pathology; M771 (lateral epicondylitis) and R454 (irritability and anger) for other pathologies.

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Consequences to mental health following exposure to occupational factors

Mental health issues at work are a public health concern. More interestingly, some factors related to work, such as organizational, relational, ethical and other contributing factors were directly linked with some health-related issues. For example, it has been shown that cardiovas-cular diseases were associated with job strain [19], low decision latitude [20], low reward [21] and low social support [22,23]. It has also been reported that low social support positively predicts depression [24]. Similarly, changes in organization (10.9% of the 1357 identified factors) and conflict of loyalties resulting from workplace changes may also lead to suicide [25]. Moreover, it has long been recognized that depression and anxiety share similarities in their pathogenesis [26]. Among the mental disorders identified in the present study, anxiety and depression seem to share the same exposure profile, i.e. relational (~40%) [27], whereas burnout was mainly linked with organizational factors (~60%), as previously reported [28,29,30].

Occupational factors linked with mental and behavioral disorders

In our study, identified factors were mainly relational (42.4%). Relational regulation theory has previously been proposed as a novel way to improve mental and behavioral disorders [31]. On the other hand, inherent work demands were infrequently cited (2%), which consequently may not be a major source of mental health issues at work. In our study, the inherent work demands that cannot be dissociated from the professional activity seem to be accepted and well tolerated by workers, which might appear contradictory to some previous literature [20]. We demonstrated that 1.3% of the factors identified were related to low decision latitude, 7.5% to lack of recognition or reward and 4.9% to perceptions of a deficiency of support. Supervisor support has previously been shown to buffer the impact of excessive work demands [31]. One hundred and sixty-six contributing and contextual factors (12.2%) showed some new insights into particular medical or social status (such as perceived limitations of ability, return after absence) that may be capable of altering relationships or altering work-related self-efficacy. Studying those factors could provide possibilities for changing practices in the workplace.

Recommendation

The FOREC thesaurus has a worldwide application as the use of a standardized and shared terminology is needed to describe at-risk occupational factors that generate mental and behavioral disorders. Identifying those factors is essential for effective prevention in the workplace and must be based on useful evidence-based information in order to help to define priority actions. At-risk workers should receive follow-ups from occupational physician [32,33], and may benefit from a targeted intervention on the occupational factors that have been identified as generating mental and behavioral disorders [34].

Limitations

There are limitations to this study. Some subchapters of the thesaurus may seem less relevant because they were less common. However, a detailed thesaurus is required for exhaustively encoding exposures. This thesaurus can be improved, as are other thesauruses which are continuously enriched by the French National Occupational Diseases Monitoring and Prevention Network (RNV3P) [35,36,37], which also guarantees that they will remain current. The sample size used for describing results from the FOREC thesaurus may seem low, however workers were recruited at the Occupational Diseases Centers of the University Hospitals' during specialized consultations for mental health issues at work [17,18]. Moreover, a relevant number of occupational factors linked with mental and behavioral disorders were identified (over one thousand), providing substantial data. Variability between independent coders also needs to be assessed. Comparing encoding between a physician and an administrative employee would be of interest. Furthermore, personality traits of the coder may influence data encoding and should be evaluated. Further studies are needed to assess the profile of occupational exposure factors with regard to socio-professional occupations and workers' demographic characteristics.

Conclusion

We built the first thesaurus of "Organizational, Relational, Ethical and other Contributing Factors" (FOREC) that may help to generate profiles of mental and behavioral disorders at work. Using the FOREC thesaurus in clinical practice during consultations for work-related mental health issues has shown that the factors identified during previous consultations were successfully encoded (all factors were described in the thesaurus). The FOREC thesaurus may provide a worldwide standardized and shared terminology, which will help to understand the impact of the psychosocial work environment on the onset of mental and behavioral disorders related to work. The identification and description of occupational risk situations can assist occupational physicians in defining priority actions in the workplace to address mental health issues.

Supporting information

S1 Appendix. French version of the FOREC thesaurus. (DOCX)

S1 Database. Titles of columns are written without abbreviations. (XLSX)

S1 Table. Number of workers per occupational group and per level of function according the ISCO-08 classification (n = 322 because of one missing value). (DOCX)

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